

CEASE and DESIST NOTICE to ALL OFFICERS of the United States that receives their compensation from the tax dollars of We the People:

- **The Constitution of and for the United States of America is the SUPREME LAW of the land and all State Constitutions must comply.**

Article. VI. – Debts, Supremacy, Oaths

*"This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, **shall be the supreme Law of the Land**; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby, any Thing in the Constitution or Laws of any State to the Contrary notwithstanding."* (Emphasis added)

- **ALL persons receiving tax dollars from We the People as compensation have sworn an Oath under CONTRACT to, We the People, to uphold the Constitution of and for the United States of America.**

Article. VI. – Debts, Supremacy, Oaths

"The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Members of the several State Legislatures, and all executive and judicial Officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by Oath or Affirmation, to support this Constitution;"

- **We the People ordained the Constitution of and for the United States of America that is a CONTRACT between We the People/Sovereigns and ALL OFFICERS receiving compensation from OUR tax dollars. The following supreme Court OPINION validates our Sovereignty.**

Preamble to the Constitution of and for the United States of America

*"**We the People of the United States**, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity, **do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.**"*
(Emphasis added)

"Sovereignty itself is, of course, not subject to law, for it is the author and source of law; but in our system, while sovereign powers are delegated to the agencies of government, sovereignty itself remains with the people, by whom and for whom all government exists and acts. And the law is the definition and limitation of power." **Yick Wo v. Hopkins, 118 US 356, 370 (1886)**

- **We the People ordained the Constitution of and for the United States of America that is a CONTRACT between We the People and ALL OFFICERS receiving compensation from OUR tax dollars and the CONTRACT cannot be impaired.**

Article 1 – The Legislative Branch

Section 10 – Powers prohibited of States

"No State shall enter into any Treaty, Alliance, or Confederation; grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal; coin Money; emit Bills of Credit; make any Thing but gold and silver Coin a Tender in Payment of Debts; pass any Bill of Attainder, ex post facto Law, or Law impairing the Obligation of Contracts, or grant any Title of Nobility."
(Emphasis added)

- **We the People were very clear and ONLY granted Congress the Powers to make LAW and NOT the judges/courts.**

Article 1 – The Legislative Branch

Section 1 – The Legislature

"All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives."

- **We the People INSTRUCTED our Congress to maintain value of OUR MONEY and protect against counterfeiting yet since 1913 when Congress unconstitutionally passed the Federal Reserve Act we have lost over 90% of the purchasing power of OUR DOLLAR and every Congress since then has been complicit and that is grounds for removal of ALL Congressional Officers.**

Article 1 – The Legislative Branch

Section 8 – Powers of Congress

"To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard of Weights and Measures;

To provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States;"

- **We the People only INSTRUCTED our Congress to maintain a Navy but NOT an Army for more than two years so Congress has wasted our tax dollars on endless and needless conflicts some of which were not even approved by Congress. The Constitutional Militia is the ultimate Army.**

Article 1 – The Legislative Branch

Section 8 – Powers of Congress

"To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years;

To provide and maintain a Navy;"

- **We the People INSTRUCTED our Congress to create a Militia to be the ultimate LAW ENFORCEMENT, suppress INSURRECTIONS and repel INVASIONS.**

Article 1 – The Legislative Branch

Section 8 – Powers of Congress

*"To provide for calling forth the Militia to **execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections and repel Invasions;***

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;" (Emphasis added)

- **We the People INSTRUCTED our Congress what TREASON was, and Congress and many other State legislators have IN FACT committed TREASON by allowing the unlawful Communist Party to deny RIGHTS to We the People via unconstitutional legislation that is not LAW at all.**

Article III – The Judicial Branch

Section 3 – Treason

*"Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying War against them, or in adhering to their Enemies, **giving them Aid** and Comfort. No Person shall be convicted of Treason unless on the Testimony of two Witnesses to the same overt Act, or on Confession in open Court."*

The federal and State legislators have violated United States Code Title 50 Section 841 which is very clear on the Communist Party and TREASON.

*"The Congress finds and declares that the Communist Party of the United States, although purportedly a political party, **is in fact an instrumentality of a conspiracy to overthrow the Government of the United States**. It constitutes an authoritarian dictatorship within a republic, demanding for itself the rights and privileges accorded to political parties, **but denying to all others the liberties guaranteed by the Constitution**. Unlike political parties, which evolve their policies and programs through public means, by the reconciliation of a wide variety of individual views, and submit those policies and programs to the electorate at large for approval or disapproval, the policies and programs of the Communist Party are secretly prescribed for it by the foreign leaders of the world Communist movement. Its members have no part in determining its goals, and are not permitted to voice dissent to party objectives. Unlike members of political parties, members of the Communist Party are recruited for indoctrination with respect to its objectives and methods, and are organized, instructed, and disciplined to carry into action slavishly the assignments given them by their hierarchical chieftains. Unlike political parties, the Communist Party acknowledges no constitutional or statutory limitations upon its conduct or upon that of its members. The Communist Party is relatively small numerically, and gives scant indication of capacity ever to attain its ends by lawful political means. The peril inherent in its operation arises not from its numbers, but from its failure to acknowledge any limitation as to the nature of its activities, and its dedication to the proposition that the present constitutional Government of the United States ultimately must be brought to ruin by any available means, including resort to force and violence. Holding that doctrine, its role as the agency of a hostile foreign power renders its existence a clear present and continuing danger to the security of the United States. It is the means whereby individuals are seduced into the service of the world Communist movement, trained to do its bidding, and directed and controlled in the conspiratorial performance of their revolutionary services. Therefore, the Communist Party should be outlawed. (Aug. 24, 1954, ch. 886, § 2, [68 Stat. 775](#).)" (Emphasis added)*

- **We the People INSTRUCTED our Congress to GUARANTEE to each State a Republican Form of Government that is a RULE OF LAW and not a democracy which is a rule by mob.**

Article. IV. – The States

Section 4 – Republican government

"The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a Republican Form of Government, and shall protect each of them against Invasion; and on Application of the Legislature, or of the Executive (when the Legislature cannot be convened) against domestic Violence."

- **We the People INSTRUCTED our Congress WHY and HOW that ALL CIVIL OFFICERS of the United States shall be removed from Office such as other high CRIMES and MISDEMEANORS. There has been a preponderance of evidence from the recent mandates, election fraud as well as outright criminal and communist actions over the past 100 years by many CIVIL OFFICERS.**

Article II

Section 4

"The President, Vice President and **all civil Officers of the United States, shall be removed from Office** on Impeachment for, and Conviction of, Treason, Bribery, or **other high Crimes and Misdemeanors.**" (Emphasis added)

- **We the People INSTRUCTED our Congress that in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of the powers delegated in the Constitution that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added which became the Bill of Rights NOT SUGGESTIONS.**

Preamble to the Bill of Rights

*"THE Conventions of a number of the States, **having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added: And as extending the ground of public confidence in the Government, will best ensure the beneficent ends of its institution.**" (Emphasis added)*

- **The Bill of Rights were ratified or some of the States would not agree to the Constitution. All the Amendments are important but some that are very crucial to We the People are the First Amendment which prohibits Congress from making any law to prohibit the exercise of religion or to abridge free speech or the press or the RIGHT of the people to assemble or petition the Government for redress of grievances. The Second Amendment to protect ourselves against a tyrannical government we have now. The Sixth and Seventh Amendments that make We the People the ultimate authority as a JURY in our courts and not a judge. The Ninth and Tenth Amendment are very clear that anything that we did not delegate in the Constitution was retained by the People. The Fifth and Fourteenth Amendment protect LIFE, LIBERTY and PROPERTY with DUE PROCESS or EQUAL PROTECTION of the LAW.**

Bill of Rights

First Amendment

*"**Congress shall make no law** respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; **or the right** of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances."* (Emphasis added)

Second Amendment

*"A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, **the right** of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed."* (Emphasis added)

Fifth Amendment

*"No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a **Grand Jury**, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, **or in the Militia**, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, **nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law**; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation."* (Emphasis added)

Sixth Amendment

*"In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, **by an impartial jury** of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the Assistance of Counsel for his defence."* (Emphasis added)

Seventh Amendment

*"In Suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, **the right of trial by jury shall be preserved**, and no fact tried by a jury, shall be otherwise re-examined in any Court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law."* (Emphasis added)

Ninth Amendment

*"The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, **shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.**"* (Emphasis added)

Tenth Amendment

*"The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, **are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.**"* (Emphasis added)

Fourteenth Amendment Section 1

*"All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. **No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.**"* (Emphasis added)

We the People have every intent to bring suit against anyone receiving OUR tax dollars as compensation that continue to violate the Constitution and **We the People** will sit on the JURY in CIVIL COURT and on the GRAND JURY in CRIMINAL COURT to bring everyone to JUSTICE.

The AFOREMENTIONED and the following **Founders quotes, court opinions** and **United States Codes** validate OUR PROTECTED RIGHTS as We the People.

Our founding documents undeniably established **common law** as the law of the land and the very fabric of America that makes us uniquely different from any other nation before or since.

- **Federalist Papers pg 284;** "In civil actions between citizens of different States, **every issue of fact, arising in actions at common law, may be tried by a jury if the parties, or either of them request it;**" uncontested in debate. (Emphasis added)
- **Federalist Papers pg 383** It has been erroneously insinuated, with regard to the **court of chancery**, that this court generally tries disputed facts by a jury. **The truth is, that references to a jury in that court rarely happen;** uncontested in debate. (Emphasis added)
- **Anti-Federalist Papers pg 128** - If a federal town be necessary for the residence of congress and the public officers, it ought to be a small one, and the **government of it fixed on republican and common law principles**, carefully enumerated and established by the constitution. It is true, **the states**, when they shall cede (*surrender*) places, may stipulate that the laws and government of congress in them **shall always be formed on such principles;** uncontested in debate and resulted in the Bill of Rights. (Emphasis added)
- **Anti-Federalist Papers pg 138** - "The **trial by jury remain inviolate forever;** that no acts of attainder shall be passed by the legislature of this State for crimes other than those committed before the termination of the present war. And that **the legislature shall at no time hereafter institute any new courts but such as shall proceed according to the course of the common law;**" uncontested in debate and realized in the Bill of Rights. (Emphasis added)

"The legislature may not, under guise of extending injunction to new situation, interfere with right of jury trial in cases covered by Constitution." (emphasis added) **Com. v. Dietz, 132 A. 572 (1926)**

"The first ten amendments to the Constitution, adopted as they were soon after the adoption of the Constitution, are in the nature of the bill of rights, and were adopted in order to quiet the apprehension of many, that without some such declaration of rights the government would assume, and might be held to possess, the power to trespass upon those rights of persons and property which by the Declaration of Independence were affirmed to be unalienable rights." **United States v. Twin City Power Co., 350 U.S. 222 (1956)**

"Inalienable rights: Rights which are not capable of being surrendered or transferred without the consent of the one possessing such rights." **Morrison v. State, MO. App., 252 S. W. 2d 97, 101**

"All laws which are repugnant to the Constitution are null and void." **Marbury v. Madison, 5 U.S. 137 (1803)**

"An unconstitutional act is not law; it confers no rights; it imposes no duties; affords no protection; it creates no office; it is in legal contemplation, as inoperative as though it had never been passed." **Norton v. Shelby County, 118 U.S. 425 (1886)**

"The court is to protect against any encroachment of Constitutionally secured liberties." **Boyd v. U.S., 116 U.S. 616**

"Waivers of Constitutional Rights, not only must they be voluntary, they must be knowingly intelligent acts done with sufficient awareness." "If men, through fear, fraud, or mistake, should in terms renounce or give up any natural right, the eternal law of reason and the grand end of society would absolutely vacate such renunciation. The right to freedom being a gift of ALMIGHTY GOD, it is not in the power of man to alienate this gift and voluntarily become a slave." —Samuel Adams, 1772 **Brady v. U.S., 397 U.S. 742, 748**

"No state legislator or executive or judicial officer can war against the Constitution without violating his undertaking to support it." **Cooper v. Aaron, 358 U.S. 1, 78 S.Ct. 1401 (1958)**

"When a judge acts where he or she does not have jurisdiction to act, the judge is engaged in an act or acts of treason." **Cohens v. Virginia, 19 US (6 Wheat) 264, 404, 5 L.Ed 257 (1821)**

"It is the duty of all officials whether legislative, judicial, executive, administrative, or ministerial to so perform every official act as not to violate constitutional provisions." **Williamson v. U.S. Department of Agriculture, 815 F.2d. 369, ACLU Foundation v. Barr, 952 F.2d. 457, 293 U.S. App. DC 101, (CA DC 1991).**

"Silence can only be equated with fraud when there is a legal and moral duty to speak or when an inquiry left unanswered would be intentionally misleading. We cannot condone this shocking conduct... If that is the case we hope our message is clear. This sort of deception will not be tolerated and if this is routine it should be corrected immediately." **U.S. v. Prudden, 424 F.2d. 1021; U.S. v. Tweel, 550 F. 2d. 297, 299, 300 (1977)**

"In considering a motion to dismiss for failure to state a claim under Rule 12(b)(6), the court must accept all well-pleaded facts as true and view them in the light most favorable to the plaintiff." **McCartney v. First City Bank, 970 F.2d 45, 47 (5th Cir.1992)**

"Where rights secured by the Constitution are involved, there can be no rule making or legislation which would abrogate them." **Miranda v. Arizona**

“An intentional perversion of truth for the purpose of inducing another in reliance upon it to part with some valuable thing belonging to him or to surrender a legal right. A false representation of a matter of fact... which deceives and is intended to deceive another so that he shall act upon it to his legal injury. ... It consists of some deceitful practice or willful device, resorted to with intent to deprive another of his right, or in some manner to do him injury... (Emphasis added) –Black’s Law Dictionary Fifth Edition, page 594. Then take into account the case of McNally v. U.S., 483 U.S. 350, 371-372, Quoting U.S. v Holzer, 816 F.2d. 304, 307 Fraud in its elementary common law sense of deceit... includes the deliberate concealment of material information in a setting of fiduciary obligation. A public official is a fiduciary toward the public,... and if he deliberately conceals material information from them he is guilty of fraud.” **Norman v. Zieber**

- **U.S. Code: Title 18 Section 241 / Conspiracy Against Rights:**

*“This statute makes it **unlawful** for two or more persons **to conspire** to **injure, oppress, threaten, or intimidate any person of any state, territory or district in the free exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege secured to him/her by the Constitution or the laws of the United States,** (or because of his/her having exercised the same).*

It further makes it unlawful for two or more persons to go in disguise on the highway or on the premises of another with the intent to prevent or hinder his/her free exercise or enjoyment of any rights so secured. (emphasis added)

- **Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 - Deprivation of Rights Under Color of Law:**

"This statute makes it a **crime** for any person acting under color of law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom **to willfully deprive or cause to be deprived from any person those rights, privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution and laws of the U.S.**

Acts under "color of any law" include acts not only done by federal, state, or local officials within the bounds or limits of their lawful authority, but also acts done without and beyond the bounds of their lawful authority; provided that, in order for unlawful acts of any official to be done under "color of any law," the unlawful acts must be done while such official is purporting or pretending to act in the performance of his/her official duties. This definition includes, in addition to **law enforcement officials, individuals such as Mayors, Council persons, Judges, Nursing Home Proprietors, Security Guards, etc., persons who are bound by laws, statutes ordinances, or customs.**" (emphasis added)

- **U.S. Code: Title 18 Section 245 / Federally protected activities (1)(b):**

"**This statute prohibits willful injury, intimidation, or interference, or attempt to do so, by force or threat of force** of any person or class of persons because of their activity as:

b) **a participant in any benefit, service, privilege, program, facility, or activity provided or administered by the United States;**" (emphasis added)

- **Title 42 Section 1983 Civil Action for Deprivation of Rights**

“**Every person who**, under color of any statute, ordinance, regulation, custom, or usage, of any State or Territory or the District of Columbia, subjects, or causes to be subjected, **any citizen of the United States or other person within the jurisdiction thereof to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Constitution and laws, shall be liable to the party injured in an action at law, suit in equity, or other proper proceeding for redress**, except that in any action brought against a judicial officer for an act or omission taken in such officer’s judicial capacity, injunctive relief shall not be granted **unless a declaratory decree was violated** or declaratory relief was unavailable. For the purposes of this section, any Act of Congress applicable exclusively to the District of Columbia shall be considered to be a statute of the District of Columbia.” (emphasis added)

- **Title 42 Section 1985. Conspiracy to Interfere with Civil Rights**

(2) Obstructing justice; intimidating party, witness, or juror

“If two or more persons in any State or Territory conspire to deter, by force, intimidation, or threat, any party or witness in any court of the United States from attending such court, or from testifying to any matter pending therein, freely, fully, and truthfully, or to injure such party or witness in his person or property on account of his having so attended or testified, or to influence the verdict, presentment, or indictment of any grand or petit juror in any such court, or to injure such juror in his person or property on account of any verdict, presentment, or indictment lawfully assented to by him, or of his being or having been such juror; **or if two or more persons conspire for the purpose of impeding, hindering, obstructing, or defeating, in any manner, the due course of justice in any State or Territory, with intent to deny to any citizen the equal protection of the laws, or to injure him or his property for lawfully enforcing, or**

attempting to enforce, the right of any person, or class of persons, to the equal protection of the laws."

(3) *Depriving persons of rights or privileges*

"If two or more persons in any State or Territory conspire or go in disguise on the highway or on the premises of another, ***for the purpose of depriving, either directly or indirectly, any person or class of persons of the equal protection of the laws, or of equal privileges and immunities under the laws; or for the purpose of preventing or hindering the constituted authorities of any State or Territory from giving or securing to all persons within such State or Territory the equal protection of the laws;***... *in any case of conspiracy set forth in this section, if one or more persons engaged therein do, or cause to be done, any act in furtherance of the object of such conspiracy, whereby another is injured in his person or property, or deprived of having and exercising any right or privilege of a citizen of the United States, the party so injured or deprived may have an action for the recovery of damages occasioned by such injury or deprivation, against any one or more of the conspirators.*" (R.S. § 1980.)

(emphasis added)

- **Title 42 Section 1986 Action for Neglect to Prevent**

"Every person who, having knowledge that any of the wrongs conspired to be done, and mentioned in section 1985 of this title, are about to be committed, and having power to prevent or aid in preventing the commission of the same, neglects or refuses so to do, if such wrongful act be committed, shall be liable to the party injured, or his legal representatives, for all damages caused by such wrongful act, which such person by reasonable diligence could have prevented; and such damages may be recovered in an action on the case; and any number of persons guilty of such wrongful neglect or refusal may be joined as defendants in

the action; and if the death of any party be caused by any such wrongful act and neglect, the legal representatives of the deceased shall have such action therefor, and may recover not exceeding \$5,000 damages therein, for the benefit of the widow of the deceased, if there be one, and if there be no widow, then for the benefit of the next of kin of the deceased. But no action under the provisions of this section shall be sustained which is not commenced within one year after the cause of action has accrued.” (R.S. § 1981.) (emphasis added)

- **Title 50 Section 841 Findings and declarations of fact**

“The Congress finds and declares that the Communist Party of the United States, although purportedly a political party, is in fact an instrumentality of a conspiracy to overthrow the Government of the United States. It constitutes an authoritarian dictatorship within a republic, demanding for itself the rights and privileges accorded to political parties, but denying to all others the liberties guaranteed by the Constitution...The peril inherent in its operation arises not from its numbers, but from its failure to acknowledge any limitation as to the nature of its activities, and its dedication to the proposition that the present constitutional Government of the United States ultimately must be brought to ruin by any available means, including resort to force and violence. Holding that doctrine, its role as the agency of a hostile foreign power renders its existence a clear present and continuing danger to the security of the United States. It is the means whereby individuals are seduced into the service of the world Communist movement, trained to do its bidding, and directed and controlled in the conspiratorial performance of their revolutionary services. **Therefore, the Communist Party should be outlawed.**” (Aug. 24, 1954, ch. 886, § 2, 68 Stat. 775.) (emphasis added)

- **18 U.S. Code § 1341 - Frauds and swindles**

“**Whoever**, having devised or intending to devise any scheme or artifice to **defraud, or for obtaining money or property by means of false or fraudulent pretenses...**” (emphasis added)

I, **Joe Myers**, intend to be part of a class action lawsuit of **We the People** against ALL OFFICERS of the United States both State and federal if ALL OFFICERS do not CEASE and DESIST from ALL communist unconstitutional legislative and judicial actions such as unconstitutional mask or shot mandates, fraudulent elections without a proper investigation, unconstitutional Federal Reserve Act just to name a few.

ALL past and current communist unconstitutional legislative and judicial actions must be rescinded and corrected starting effective immediately and completed within one calendar year or ALL OFFICERS will feel the wrath of We the People as OUR Founders instructed us in the **Declaration of Independence** to alter or abolish a government created by We the People that no longer protects the LIFE, LIBERTY or PROPERTY of We the People.

*"But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same Object evinces a design to reduce them under absolute Despotism, **it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such Government, and to provide new Guards for their future security...**"*

Dated this 25th day of January, 2022

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